Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine Dnipro University of Technology

FACULTY OF GEOLOGICAL PROSPECTING DEPARTMENT OF OIL AND GAS ENGINEERING AND DRILLING

"APPROVED"

Head of Department Davidenko A. <u>A. Aalumpu</u> "____" ____ 2018

WORK PROGRAM OF THE ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE ''Hydro-aeromechanics in drilling ''

Field of study
Specialty
Academic degree
Academic program Type of discipline
Total workload
Type of final assessment
Period of study
Language of study

18 Production and Technology
185 Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology
Bachelor
Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology
regulatory
5 ECTS credits (150 hours)
exam
6nd semester
English

> Dnipro NTU "DP" 2018

Work program of the academic discipline "Hydro-aeromechanics in drilling" for bachelor's specialty 185 "Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology"/Sudakov A./ NTU "Dnipro Polytechnic" Department of oil and gas engineering and drilling. - DA: NTU «DP» 2018 - 12 p.

Authors:

Sudakov A., professor of department of oil and gas engineering and drilling

The work program regulates:

- key goals and objectives;

- the disciplinary learning outcomes generated through the transformation of the intended learning outcomes of the degree program;

- the content of the discipline formed according to the criterion "disciplinary learning outcomes";

- the discipline program (thematic plan by different types of classes);

- distribution of the discipline workload by different types of classes;

- an algorithm for assessing the level of achievement of disciplinary learning outcomes (scales, tools, procedures and evaluation criteria);

– criteria and procedures for evaluating the academic achievements of applicants by discipline;

- the contents of the educational and methodological support of the discipline;

The work program is designed to implement a competency approach in planning an education process, delivery of the academic discipline, preparing students for control activities, controlling the implementation of educational activities, internal and external quality assurance in higher education, accreditation of degree programs within the specialty.

Approved by the decision of the Methodical Commission of specialty 185 "Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology" (protocol № 6 from 27.06.2018).

Recommended for publication by the editorial board of NTUDP (protocol N_{2} from _____.2018).

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1 DISCIPLINE OBJECTIVES

In the educational and professional programs of the Dnipro University of Technology specialty 185 "Oil and gas engineering and technology", the distribution of program learning outcomes (NRN) for the organizational forms of the educational process is done. In particular, the following learning outcomes are attributed to the discipline "Hydro-aeromechanics in drilling ":

CC1.3	Calculate optimal drilling modes for oil and gas wells
CC1.4	To use in practice methods of diagnostics of level of efficiency of the equipment for
	drilling of oil and gas wells
CC1.5	Ensure the safety of drilling operations in accordance with the operating rules
CC1.6	Assess and restore quality indicators for the process of oil and gas wells

The objective of discipline - is to formulate the competence of designing the hydraulic program of technological processes of well construction and its practical implementation in relation to specific drilling conditions.

The implementation of the objective requires transforming program learning outcomes into the disciplinary ones as well as an adequate selection of the contents of the discipline according to this criterion.

Code	Disciplinary learning outcomes (DRN)			
NRN	DRN code	content		
CL1	CL1-F2	Know the basics of hydromechanics of drilling fluids		
CL2	CL2-F2	Characterize hydromechanics of gases and aerized drilling solutions		
CC1.5	SR2-F2	Use of hydromechanics of unstused processes		
CC1.6	SR9-F2-1	To determine the rheological properties of drilling fluids		
	SR9-F2-2	Perform hydraulic calculations while drilling		
	SR9-F2-3	Calculate the pressure in the drain-lifting operations in the well		

2 INTENDED DISCIPLINARY LEARNING OUTCOMES

3 BASIC DISCIPLINES

Subjects	The acquired learning outcomes
Φ 1 Introduction to the Speciality	to preserve and enhance the moral, cultural, scientific values
	and achievements of society on the basis of understanding of
	the history and patterns of development of the oil and gas
	industry, its place in the general system of knowledge about
	nature and society and in the development of society,
	technology and technology
	communicate with representatives of other professional
	groups of different levels (with experts from other fields of
	knowledge/types of economic activity)
	know the general structure, interrelation and functional
	purpose of individual elements of the system of providing
	Ukraine with hydrocarbon energy carriers

Subjects	The acquired learning outcomes			
Φ14 Well Drilling (Oil & Gas)	to demonstrate the ability to develop project elements of technological circuits and technical devices of wells drilling			
	to analyze the operating modes of the components of the			
	drilling object, to make the optimum choice of technological			
	equipment, to optimize the operating mode by a certain criterion			
	criterion design Technologies of well drilling			
	to carry out normative and technical support of well drilling processes			
	to organize drilling work under conditions of high			
	productivity, safety and minimum costs			
	control of drilling of wells using modern methods of data			
	analysis and processing			
B1.8 Chisel Washing liquids	the main types of treatment agents and tamponatic mixtures and their classification			
	conditions of use of different types of treatment agents and			
	tamponated mixtures			
	analyze the geological structure of the Well section and			
	determine the type of treatment agent in accordance with it			
	analyze the patterns of use of the cementitious mixtures			
	evaluate the impact of negative factors on the test results;			
	choose the method of liquidation padding			
	use calculations for the required number of components of			
	cleaning agents and tamponatic mixtures			

4 WORKLOAD DISTRIBUTION BY THE FORM OF EDUCATIONAL PROCESS ORGANIZATION AND TYPES OF CLASSES

	ad	Distribution by forms of education , <i>hours</i>					
Type of	klo urs	Full	-time	Part-time		Dis	tance
classes	Worklo hours	Classes (C)	Individual work (IW)	Classes (C)	Individual work (IW)	Classes (C)	Individual work (IW)
lecture	100	34	66	_	-	12	88
practical	50	17	33	-	-	4	46
laboratory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
workshops	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
TOGETHER	150	51	99	-	-	16	134

Ciphers DRN	Types and topics of training sessions	The volume of components, <i>hours</i>
	LECTURES	100
CL1-F2	1 Experimental determination of rheological characteristics.	12
CL2-F2	2 Basic problems of hydro-aeromechanics in drilling processes.	
CL1-F2	3 Multiphase media in drilling processes.	12
SR2-F2	4 Hydro- aeromechanic equations in drilling processes.	8
SR2-F2	5 Hydrostatics of single-phase fluids and two-phase mixtures in gravity field.	12
CL1-F2 SR9-F2-2	6 Stationary flow of fluids in elements of well circulation system.	12
SR2-F2 SR9-F2-1 SR9-F2-2	7 Equilibrium and motion of rigid particles in fluid, gas and gas- liquid mixture.	8
SR2-F2 SR9-F2-1	8 Stationary flow of gas and gas-cutting mixture in elements of well circulation system.	4
SR2-F2	9 Stationary flows of gas-liquid mixtures in a well.	8
SR2-F2	10 Non-stationary flows of single-phase fluids in a well.	8
SR2-F2	11 Flows of formation fluids and rock solids.	4
CL2-F2	12 Nonstationary flow of gas-liquid mixtures in well-formation	4
SR2-F2	system.	
CL2-F2	13 Nonstationary flows of fluid mixtures in well-formation system	4
SR2-F2	Calculation of fluid-gas blowout killing.	
SR9-F2		
CL2-F2	14 Distribution of concentration and pressure in displacement of	4
SR2-F2 SR9-F2-4	Newtonian and viscous-plastic fluids from circular pipes and annular channels. Hydraulic calculation of cementation regime.	
	PRACTICAL TRAINING	50
SR2-F2	I. BASICS OF MILLING HYDROMECHANICS	
SR9-F2-1 SR9-F2-2	Determination of rheological properties of drilling fluids according to rotational viscometry	12
SR9-F2-3	Hydraulic calculations for flushing wells	10
	2. GAS HYDROMECHANICS OF GASES AND AEROIC DRILLING SOLUTIONS	
	Hydraulic calculations for drilling with purging and washing with aerated drilling fluids	14
	3. HYDRAULICS OF INSTALLED PROCESSES. UNITS OF THE UNDERGROUND RIFLE	
	Pressure calculations for downhole operations	14
	TOGETHER	150

5 DISCIPLINE PROGRAM BY TYPES OF CLASSES

6 KNOWLEDGE PROGRESS TESTING

Certification of student achievement is accomplished through transparent procedures based on objective criteria in accordance with the University Regulations "On Evaluation of Higher Education Applicants' Learning Outcomes".

The level of competencies achieved in relation to the expectations, identified during the control activities, reflects the real result of the student's study of the discipline.

6.1 GRADING SCALES

Assessment of academic achievement of students of the Dnipro University of Technology is carried out based on a rating (100-point) and institutional grading scales. The latter is necessary (in the official absence of a national scale) to convert (transfer) grades for mobile students.

Rating	Institutional
90 100	Excellent
74 89	Good
60 73	Satisfactory
0 59	Failed

The scales of assessment of learning outcomes of the NTUDP students

Discipline credits are scored if the student has a final grade of at least 60 points. A lower grade is considered to be an academic debt that is subject to liquidation in accordance with the Regulations on the Organization of the Educational Process of NTUDP.

6.2 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS AND EVALUATION PROCEDURES

The content of diagnostic tools is aimed at controlling the level of knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy, and responsibility of the student according to the requirements of the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) up to the 7th qualification level during the demonstration of the learning outcomes regulated by the work program.

During the control activities, the student should perform tasks focused solely on the demonstration of disciplinary learning outcomes (Section 2).

Diagnostic tools provided to students at the control activities in the form of tasks for the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are formed by specifying the initial data and a way of demonstrating disciplinary learning outcomes.

Diagnostic tools (control tasks) for the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are approved by the appropriate department.

Type of diagnostic tools and procedures for evaluating the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are given below.

INTERMEDIATE CONTROL			FINAL ASSESSMENT		
training sessions	diagnostic tools	procedures	diagnostic tools	procedures	
lectures	control tasks for	task during lectures		determining the average	
	each topic		reference work	results of intermediate	
practical	control tasks for	tasks during	(CCW)	controls;	
	each topic	practical classes			
	or individual task	tasks during		CCW performance during	
		independent work		the examination at the	
		_		request of the student	

Diagnostic and assessment procedures

During the intermediate control, the lectures are evaluated by determining the quality of the performance of the control specific tasks. Practical classes are assessed by the quality of the control or individual task.

If the content of a particular type of teaching activity is subordinated to several descriptors, then the integral value of the assessment may be determined by the weighting coefficients set by the lecturer.

Provided that the level of results of the intermediate controls of all types of training at least 60 points, the final control can be carried out without the student's immediate participation by determining the weighted average value of the obtained grades.

Regardless of the results of the intermediate control, every student during the final knowledge progress testing has the right to perform the CDF, which contains tasks covering key disciplinary learning outcomes.

The number of specific tasks of the CDF should be consistent with the allotted time for completion. The number of CDF options should ensure that the task is individualized.

The value of the mark for the implementation of the CDF is determined by the average evaluation of the components (specific tasks) and is final.

The integral value of the CDF performance assessment can be determined by taking into account the weighting factors established by the department for each NLC descriptor.

6.3 EVALUATION CRITERIA

The actual student learning outcomes are identified and measured against what is expected during the control activities using criteria that describe the student's actions to demonstrate the achievement of the learning outcomes.

To evaluate the performance of the control tasks during the intermediate control of lectures and practicals the assimilation factor is used as a criterion, which automatically adapts the indicator to the rating scale:

$O_i = 100 \text{ a} / \text{m},$

where a - number of correct answers or significant operations performed according to the solution standard; m - the total number of questions or substantial operations of the standard.

Individual tasks and complex control works are expertly evaluated using criteria that characterize the ratio of competency requirements and evaluation indicators to a rating scale.

The content of the criteria is based on the competencies identified by the NLC for the Bachelor's level of higher education (given below).

General criteria for achieving learning outcomes 7th qualification for LDCs (BA)

Integral competence is the ability to solve complex problems and specialized practical problems in a particular area of professional activities or in a learning process that involves the use of certain theories and methods of the relevant scientific areas and characterized by complexity and conditions uncertainty.

descriptors NLC	Requirements for knowledge, communication,	Indicator			
	autonomy and responsibility	evaluation			
	Knowledge				
 Conceptual 	- A great - proper, reasonable, sensible. Measures the	95-100			
knowledge acquired	presence of: - conceptual knowledge; - a high degree of				
during the training and	state ownership issues; - critical understanding of the main				
professional activities,	theories, principles, methods and concepts in education and				
including some	careers				
knowledge of modern	A non-gross contains mistakes or errors	90-94			
achievements;	The answer is correct but has some inaccuracies	85-89			
 critical 	A correct some inaccuracies but has also proved insufficient	80-84			
understanding of the	The answer is correct but has some inaccuracies, not	74-79			
main theories,	reasonable and meaningful				
principles, methods,	A fragmentary	70-73			
and concepts in	A student shows a fuzzy idea of the object of study	65-69			
education and careers	Knowledge minimally satisfactory	60-64			
	Knowledge unsatisfactory	<60			
	Ability				
 solving complex 	- The answer describes the ability to:	95-100			
problems and	- identify the problem;				
unforeseen problems in	- formulate hypotheses;				
specialized areas of	- solve problems;				
professional and/or	- choose adequate methods and tools;				
training, which	- collect and interpret logical and understandable				
involves the collection	information;				
and interpretation of	- use innovative approaches to solving the problem				
information (data),	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	90-94			
choice of methods and	practice with no blunders				
tools, the use of	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	85-89			
innovative approaches	practice but has some errors in the implementation of a				
	requirement				
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	80-84			
	practice but has some errors in the implementation of the				
	two requirements				

descriptors NLC	Requirements for knowledge, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Indicator evaluation
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	74-79
	practice but has some errors in the implementation of the	
	three requirements	
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	70-73
	practice but has some errors in the implementation of the	
	four requirements	
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	65-69
	practice while performing tasks on the model	
	A characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in	60-64
	performing tasks on the model, but with uncertainties	
	The level of skills is poor	<60
	Communication	
• report to specialists	- Fluent problematic area. Clarity response (report).	95-100
and non-specialists of	Language - correct;	22 100
information, ideas,	net;	
problems, solutions and		
their experience in the	clear;	
field of professional	accurate;	
activity;	logic;	
 the ability to form an 	expressive;	
effective	concise.	
communication	Communication strategy:	
	coherent and consistent development of thought;	
strategy	availability of own logical reasoning;	
	relevant arguments and its compliance with the provisions	
	defended;	
	the correct structure of the response (report);	
	correct answers to questions;	
	appropriate equipment to answer questions;	
	the ability to draw conclusions and formulate proposals	
	Adequate ownership industry issues with minor faults.	90-94
	Sufficient clarity response (report) with minor faults.	
	Appropriate communication strategy with minor faults	
	Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good	85-89
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	
	strategy (total three requirements are not implemented)	
	Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good	80-84
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	
	strategy (a total of four requirements is not implemented)	
	Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good	74-79
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	
	strategy (total not implemented the five requirements)	
	Satisfactory ownership issues of the industry. Satisfactory	70-73
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	
	strategy (a total of seven requirements not implemented)	
	Partial ownership issues of the industry. Satisfactory clarity	65-69
	response (report) and communication strategy of faults	05-07
	(total not implemented nine requirements)	
		60.64
	The fragmented ownership issues of the industry.	60-64
	Satisfactory clarity response (report) and communication	

descriptors NLC	Requirements for knowledge, communication,	Indicator
	autonomy and responsibility	evaluation
	strategy of faults (total not implemented 10 requirements)	
	The level of poor communication	<60
	Autonomy and responsibility	1
 management actions 	- Excellent individual ownership management	95-100
or complex projects,	competencies focused on:	
responsible for	1) management of complex projects, providing:	
decision-making in	- exploratory learning activities marked the ability to	
unpredictable	independently evaluate various life situations, events, facts,	
conditions;	detect and defend a personal position;	
 responsible for the 	- the ability to work in a team;	
professional	- control of their own actions;	
development of	2) responsibility for decision-making in unpredictable	
individuals and/or	conditions, including:	
groups	- justify their decisions the provisions of the regulatory	
• the ability to continue	framework of sectoral and national levels;	
study with a high	- independence while performing tasks;	
degree of autonomy	- lead in discussing problems;	
	- responsibility for the relationship;	
	3) responsible for the professional development of	
	individuals and/or groups that includes:	
	- use of vocational-oriented skills;	
	- the use of evidence from independent and correct	
	reasoning;	
	- possession of all kinds of learning activities;	
	4) the ability to further study with a high degree of	
	autonomy, which provides:	
	- degree possession of fundamental knowledge;	
	- independent evaluation judgments;	
	- high level of formation of general educational skills;	
	- search and analysis of information resources	
	Confident personality possession competency management	90-94
	(not implemented two requirements)	90-94
		85-89
	Good knowledge management competencies personality	03-09
	(not implemented three requirements)	00.04
	Good knowledge management competencies personality	80-84
	(not implemented the four requirements)	74.70
	Good knowledge management competencies personality	74-79
	(not implemented six requirements)	
	Satisfactory ownership of individual competence	70-73
	management (not implemented seven requirements)	
	Satisfactory ownership of individual competence	65-69
	management (not implemented eight claims)	
	The level of autonomy and responsibility fragmented	60-64
	The level of autonomy and responsibility poor	<60

7 TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, AND SOFTWARE

Technical training tools via multimedia software. Distance learning platform Moodle.

8 RECOMMENDED BIBLIOGRAPHY

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Authors: Andrii Sudakov

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